

## STATEMENT

### Rapid COVID-19 antibodies (IgG, IgM) diagnostic test in human whole blood.

The COVID-19 rapid antibodies test is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of anti-SARS-CoV-2 IgG and IgM in human whole blood. This test is intended for use as an aid in the diagnosis of primary and possible secondary SARS-CoV-2 infections. Ideally the test should be done at least 10 days after contact with the infected person or when the patient has symptoms of coughing, shortness of breath and fever.

The sensitivity of the antibodies test is 94,1%.

The specificity of the antibodies test is 99,2%.

Despite the high sensitivity of the antibodies IgG, IgM test, the tests are subject to risk of a false result.

If the test result is negative and clinical symptoms persist, additional testing using other clinical methods is recommended. A negative result does not at any time preclude the possibility of a SARS-CoV-2 infection.

Test only detects the presence of anti-SARS-CoV-2 antibodies in specimens and should not be used as the sole criterion for a diagnosis of COVID-19.

A negative test result does not exclude the possibility of coronavirus infection.

Statement:

I, the undersigned, certify that I have read the above information and knowingly agreed to take the test.

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Patient's legible signature